Battle of the Bulge Reporter's Notebook

From December 1944 to January 1945, fighting raged in the Ardennes Forest. Now that the battle has subsided, it will be your job as a reporter to create a news dispatch about what happened. You will use a series of sources concerning the battle to make sense of it. For each source, answer the questions that go with the item. At the end, you will write your piece.

PHASE 1: On the Road to Victory Source: Champagne Bowl Photo	CHAMPAGNE BOWL
What does this tell you about the mood of the Allies in December 1944?	SCREAMING EAGLES VERSUS - SKY TRAIN - CHRISTMAS DAY DECERGE 5 194 REIMS FRANCE

PHASE 2: One Final Strike Secondary Source: http://abmc.gov/sites/default/files/interactive/interactive_files/WW2/index.html > Click on 1944 > Click on Ardennes-Alsace Campaign > At left, a document will appear. Read the document until you get to "3 January 1945."
In one sentence, explain WHY Hitler wanted this strike.
In one sentence, explain WHAT the plan was.
In two sentences, summarize HOW the German attack unfolded, and how the Americans responded.

PHASE 3: Thrust to the North Sea Source: Map of the German Plan Use the TARGET method to analyze the map of the German Plan. Title:	Get your bearings! Find these locations on the map – they're locations on the map – they map – they're locations on the map – they map – they map – they ma
Area (What overall area is the map showing?):	
Region (What regions are being affected by events/issues	s on the map?):
Group (What groups/people would the action on the ma	p affect?):
Economics (Does this map show anything of economic in and commerce enter/leave?):	·
Theme (Overall, what does the map tell you?):	

PHASE 4: A Closer Look Source: Photograph of Bastogne	DECISION POINT! How would you try to hold/ defend Bastogne? Where should you put troops? Why? For the
1. Study the photograph for an overall impression of the	you put troops? Where should your answer in three sentences.
photography and examine individual items.	
2. Divide the photo into quadrants to see what details become	
visible. Discuss the people, objects, and activities in the photo.	
3. Based on what you have observed, discuss three or four things you photograph.	you might infer from the
4. Are there questions left unanswered by the photograph? What	would you as the
photographer change if you had the chance?	

PHASE 5: Farthest Extent	
Source: Rick Atkinson Book Talk (Library of Congress)*	DECISION POINT!
	Source: Limits of German
	Penetration Map
How do so Athings and comile a the grown visc 2 \M/b it so	On the larger map, identify Bastogne.
How does Atkinson describe the surprise? Why was it so	In two sentences, explain the
dramatic? Why was it so effective?	situation at Bastogne.
What accounts/sources did Atkinson probably	1111
consult to come to this conclusion?	What difference is there between the American lines
consult to come to this conclusion.	at Bastogne and the American
	lines elsewhere on the map?
Source: Limits of German Penetration Map	
Look at the Ardennes Countereffensive man in the ten winds	nor In two contances
Look at the Ardennes Counteroffensive map in the top right cor	ner. in two sentences,
explain how the farthest German penetration compared to the	original plan and objectives.
*Can read or watch this source.	

World War II? Why or why not?

PHASE 6: How Did the Americans Stop the Attack? Source: Holding the Line at Bastogne Communication was often an issue at Bastogne. These two articles overlap, cutting out some words. Piecing together information from both, explain in three sentences how the American forces stopped the German advance.	DECISION POINT! What critical decisions did General MacAuliffe face in Bastogne? Could you have reacted as he did? Why or why not? (You may not just say, "No, because I'm not a general in 1944." Think it through.)
PHASE 7: A Ground Level View	
You've read a little about the 101st Airborne Division's experience. What about those racing across France to save the embattled troops? Read this description of what it was like for troops on the ground, and summarize it in three sentences.	DECISION POINT! What sorts of things do you think soldiers had do both mentally and physically to push past the hurdles men like Gene faced?
What would you expect to read in Gene's selection that wasn't mentioned?	Think of the hardest things you've ever had to do. How did you make yourself keep going? Do you think that would work for something as traumatic as

What was mentioned in Gene's selection that you didn't expect?

PHASE 8: The Ones We Left Behind

Source: Charles Crossley Missing in Action (MIA) and Confirmed Killed in Action (KIA)

During all of the events above soldiers put themselves in harm's way, and some never made it back. This is an example of what their family could expect to see. Even though this pilot was shot down earlier in the war, this is the kind of communication that commanding officers sent home each time a soldier went missing or was killed.

Read the series of telegrams sent home to the Crossley family when Charles went MIA/KIA and answer the questions that follow.

Page 1	
What is the purpose	e of this communication?
	you about this form? Choose three things. Look at all four quadrants of the telegram
f you were the fami	ly receiving this, what other information would you want on this telegram?
Page 2 What is the purpose	e of this communication?
What stands out to	you about this letter? Choose three things. Read carefully.
Does this satisfy wh	at you would have wanted to see in the first telegram?

PHASE 8: The Ones We Left Behind (continued)
Page 3
What is the purpose of this communication?
What stands out to you about this letter? Choose three things. Read carefully.
What has changed since the last letter?
Page 4
What is the purpose of this communication?
What stands out to you about this form? Choose three things. Look at all four quadrants of the telegram
closely.
How does it compare to the last two letters?
OVERALL:
Now that you have read these, if you were a general, do you think the knowledge that you would have
to send letters like this home would change any of the decisions you have made so far at your Decision
Points? Why or why not?
What does this tell you about the sacrifice made by the families of servicemen?

PHASE 9: Perspectives		
You now have four accounts of the Battle of the Bulge: your textbook, the initial timeline summary, the <i>Saturday Evening Post</i> article, and Gene's story.		
Name one other point of view that could help you understand the battle more fully.		
Why would this source be helpful?		
In two sentences, explain why this battle was important. What during United States? For Germany?		
What unique sacrifices were asked of the troops and leaders at t	his battle?	
PHASE 10: Wrapping up Source: Newsreel - January 11, 1945.	DECISION POINT	
Now watch the newsreel clip again.	DECISION POINT!	
What images and information were in the newsreel that you already knew, or that you expected to see?	Why might Gene's story sound different than the story from the newsreel, even though they are talking about the same event?	
What images and information were in the newsreel that you	different than the story from the newsreel, even though they are	
What images and information were in the newsreel that you already knew, or that you expected to see? What images and information were in the newsreel that you	different than the story from the newsreel, even though they are	
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What images and information were in the newsreel that you already knew, or that you expected to see? What images and information were in the newsreel that you did not know, or that you did not expect to see? Does this newsreel describe the battle as you now understand it? If so, give two key points it includes that make it an accu-	different than the story from the newsreel, even though they are talking about the same event? What was the purpose of making the newsreel? How might that affect what its writers/	
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